

Java with Framwork Development

Core Java

- Object Oriented Programming Concepts
 - Object
 - Characteristics of an Object
 - State
 - Behavior
 - Identity
 - Responsibility
 - Major Pillars
 - Abstraction
 - Encapsulation
 - 'IS A' relationship – Inheritance
 - 'HAS A' relationship – Containment
 - Polymorphism
- Introduction to Java
 - Features of Java
 - Java Compiler
 - Java Runtime Environment
 - Bytecode Verifier
 - Class Loader
 - JiT Compiler
 - JDK, JRE, JVM
- Java Language Fundamentals
 - Classes and Object
 - Class Syntax
 - Primitive Data Types
 - Implicit and Explicit Conversion
 - Access specifiers
 - Constructor
 - Creating object
 - Memory Allocation
 - Garbage Collection
 - Method Overloading
 - Parameterized Constructor
 - this keyword
 - static keyword – variable & method
 - main method

- Instance init block & Static init block
- Array – 1D, 2D
- Enhanced for loop - forEach loop
- Variable Argument
- Package
- Importing from packages
- static import

- Containment, Inheritance and Polymorphism
 - Implementing 'HAS A' relationship
 - Container Object and Contained Object
 - Implementing 'IS A' relationship
 - extends keyword to achieve Inheritance
 - Super class and Sub class
 - super keyword
 - protected keyword
 - Polymorphism
 - Method Overriding
 - Super class reference to create Sub class object
 - Reference Type Casting
 - Static Type and Dynamic Type of reference
 - Covariant return type
 - java.lang.Object class and it's methods – toString()

- Abstract Class and Interface
 - abstract keyword
 - Abstract class vs Concrete class
 - Abstract method vs Concrete method
 - final keyword – variable, method, class
 - final method vs abstract method
 - final class vs abstract class
 - Interface
 - Role based inheritance
 - Multiple Inheritance
 - implements keyword
 - Implementing interface in a class
 - Interface extends interfaces
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- Annotations and Enum
 - Annotation
 - Creating user defined annotation
 - Use of annotation at different levels
 - Meta-annotation
 - java.lang.annotation.Annotation interface
 - Built-in Annotations - @Override, @SupressWarnings, etc
 - Enum

- Creating user-defined Enum
 - Enum Constants
 - java.lang.Enum class
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- Functional-Style Programming
 - Functional Interface
 - Lambda Expression
 - @FunctionalInterface
 - Method References
 - Built-in Functional interface
 - java.util.function package
 - Predicate, Consumer, Supplier, Function
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 - Utility Classes (java.lang) & Inner classes
 - Wrapper classes
 - Autoboxing & Autounboxing
 - String, StringBuffer, StringBuilder
 - String constant pool
 - Inner classes
 - Simple Inner class
 - Static nested class
 - Method Local Inner class
 - Regex
 - Exception Handling
 - What is exception?
 - Type of Errors
 - Exception class hierarchy
 - Exception Handling Mechanism
 - try keyword
 - catch keyword
 - Checked and unchecked exceptions
 - throw vs throws keyword
 - finally block
 - multcatch
 - final re-throw
 - try-with-resources (ARM)
 - User-defined exception
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 - Multithreading & Thread Synchronization
 - Multitasking
 - Multiprocessing vs Multithreading
 - What is thread?

- Thread Life Cycle
- Creating thread using java.lang.Thread class
- Creating thread using java.lang.Runnable interface
- Thread class and it's methods
- Inter thread communication
- Thread Synchronization
- synchronized keyword
- synchronized method & synchronized block

- Collection Framework & Generics
 - Collection and it's types
 - java.util package
 - Generics Syntax
 - List – ArrayList, Vector
 - Set – HashSet, SortedSet, NavigableSet – TreeSet
 - Map – HashMap, SortedMap, NavigableMap – TreeMap
 - Hashtable and Properties class
 - Importance of equals() & hashCode() methods
 - Searching & Sorting Algorithm – Arrays & Collections classes
 - Comparable vs Comparator interfaces
 - Generic Collections

- Stream API
 - What is Stream?
 - Types of Stream – Sequential & Parallel Stream
 - java.util.stream package
 - Stream operations – intermediate and terminal operations
 - map(), reduce(), filter(), forEach(), limit(), skip() methods
 - Collectors – toCollection(), toList(), toSet(), toMap() methods
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- File IO & Object Serialization
 - java.io package
 - File class & it's method
 - File Reading, Writing and Appending Operation
 - Byte Stream – FileInputStream & FileOutputStream
 - Character Stream – FileReader & FileWriter
 - BufferedReader & BufferedWriter, PrintWriter
 - Autocloseable
 - Using try-with-resources
 - Non-blocking IO (nio)
 - java.nio.file package
 - Path interface
 - Files class, Paths class
 - FileSystem
 - Object Serialization
 - ObjectInputStream & readObject() method

- ObjectOutputStream & writeObject() method
 - transient keyword
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- Unit Testing
 - Introduction
 - What is Testing?
 - Why Unit Testing?
 - Testing Terminologies
 - Junit Framework
 - Junit Annotations
 - Creating Test Cases
- Design Pattern
 - What is a Design Pattern?
 - Type of Design Patterns – Creational, Structural and Behavioral
 - Singleton Design Pattern
 - Factory Design Pattern
 - Facade Design Pattern
- Java9 version features
- Java11 version features

Adv Java

- Maven
 - What is Maven?
 - Features of Maven
 - Environment Setup
 - Build Life Cycle
 - Phases
 - Goals
 - Plugins
 - POM xml file
 - Dependency Management
 - Maven Dependencies
 - Maven Repositories
 - Maven Archetypes
 - Creating Maven Project using Eclipse
- JDBC
 - Java Database Connectivity
 - java.sql package
 - Connection interface
 - Driver interface

- Types of JDBC Drivers
- DriverManager class
- Connecting to MySQL using JDBC API
- Statement
- PreparedStatement
- CallableStatement
- ResultSet
- Types of ResultSet – Forward Only, Scrollable
- ResultSetMetaData
- DatabaseMetaData

- Introduction to Web Technologies
 - Distributed Architecture
 - Two-tier Architecture
 - Three tier (N-tier) Architecture
 - Web Application
 - Web Application Architecture
 - Web Container
 - Web Server
 - Web Browser
 - HTTP – Stateless Protocol
 - HTTP Methods – GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, etc
 - HTTP Message Format
 - Request Message Format – Request Header, Request Body
 - Response Message Format – Response Header , Response Body
 - Client Side Programming
 - Server Side Programming

- Servlet
 - Introduction to Servlet
 - Servlet API – Servlet, ServletConfig interfaces
 - GenericServlet
 - HttpServlet
 - Servlet Life Cycle
 - ServletContext vs ServletConfig
 - Servlet Configuration - web.xml
 - @WebServlet Annotation
 - Creating Servlet
 - Configuring Tomcat Server in Eclipse IDE
 - Deploying and Running Servlet on Tomcat via Eclipse

- JSP
 - Introduction to Java Server Pages
 - JSP API
 - JSP Life Cycle
 - Creating and Running JSP Page on Tomcat Server

- Building Blocks of JSP
- JSP Directives
- JSP Implicit Objects
- JSP Scripting Elements
- Scriptlet
- JSP Expression

- Web Service
 - What is Web Service?
 - Web Service vs Web Application
 - SOA – Service Oriented Architecture
 - Service Provider
 - Service Consumer
 - Types of Web Service
 - SOAP Web Service
 - RESTful Web Service
 - ROA – Resource, URI and Representation
 - Uniform Interfaces
 - Creating REST API
 - Running RESTful Web Service on Tomcat
 - Consuming REST API

Java Framework - Hibernate JPA

- Object Relationship Mapping
 - ORM Principle
 - Drawbacks of JDBC
 - Benefits of ORM
 - Paradigm Mismatch
 - Types of ORM Frameworks

- Hibernate JPA Introduction
 - What is Hibernate?
 - Features of Hibernate
 - Advantages of Hibernate
 - Hibernate in Layered Application Design
 - Hibernate Architecture
 - Components of Hibernate
 - Configuration
 - SessionFactory
 - Session and it's methods – get(), load(), save(), update(), delete()
 - What is JPA?
 - Hibernate and JPA

- Simple Class Mapping
 - Entity Class
 - POJO class and it's advantages
 - Hibernate JPA Mapping
 - Mapping POJO class with Database Table
 - JPA Annotations - @Entity, @Table, @Id, @Column
 - Hibernate Configuration
 - hibernate.cfg.xml file
 - Configuring JDBC Driver, JDBC URL
 - Hibernate Dialect
 - Creating Hibernate Application
 - Performing CRUD operations

- Hibernate JPA Entity Life Cycle
 - Transient State
 - Persistent State
 - Detached State

- JPQL
 - Java Persistent Query Language
 - From clause
 - Where clause
 - Order By
 - Select clause
 - Using Criteria

- Component Mapping
 - Mapping 'HAS A' relationship
 - Creating Contained class
 - Creating Container class
 - Using JPA Annotations - @Embedded, @Embeddable

- Inheritance Mapping
 - Types of Inheritance Mapping
 - Table Per Class Hierarchy
 - JPA Annotations - @Inheritance
 - Inheritance Strategy – InheritanceType.SINGLE_TABLE
 - @DiscriminatorColumn, @DiscriminatorValue
 - Table Per Concrete Class
 - Inheritance Strategy – InheritanceType.TABLE_PER_CLASS
 - Table Per Joined Subclass
 - Inheritance Strategy – InheritanceType.JOINED
 - @PrimaryKeyJoinColumn

- Relationship Mapping
 - One-to-One Mapping

- @OneToOne, mappedBy
 - @JoinColumn
- One-to-Many Mapping
 - @OneToMany
- Many-to-One Mapping
 - @ManyToOne
- Many-to-Many Mapping
 - @ManyToMany
 - @JoinTable
- Hibernate Caching Mechanism
 - First-Level Cache
 - Second Level Cache

Java Framework – Spring & Spring Boot

- Introduction to Spring
 - What is Spring?
 - Features of Spring Framework
 - IoC – Inversion of Control
 - DI – Dependency Injection
 - AOP – Aspect Oriented Programming
- Spring Architecture
 - Types of Spring Module
 - Spring IoC Container
 - Spring Core - BeanFactory
 - Spring Context - ApplicationContext
 - Spring AOP
 - Spring DAO - JdbcTemplate
 - Spring ORM - HibernateTemplate
 - Spring Web
 - Spring Web MVC
- Spring Bean and Configuration
 - Creating Spring Bean
 - Spring Bean Configuration
 - Xml Based Configuration
 - Annotation Based Configuration
 - Stereotype Annotation - @Component
 - @Configuration
 - @ComponentScan
 - JavaConfig - @Bean
 - Bean Scoping
 - Bean Scopes – singleton, prototype, request, session

- @Scope Annotation
- Spring Bean Life Cycle
 - Spring Aware Interfaces
 - BeanNameAware
 - BeanFactoryAware
 - ApplicationContextAware
 - InitializingBean – afterPropertiesSet()
 - @PostConstruct
 - Custom Init Method
 - DisposableBean
 - Custom Destroy Method
- Dependency Injection
 - Constructor Injection
 - constructor-arg
 - Setter Injection
 - property
 - Bean Autowiring
 - @Autowired
 - @Qualifier
 - Method Injection
 - Collection Injection
 - List Injection
 - Set Injection
 - Map Injection
 - Properties Injection
- Spring Boot
 - Introduction to Spring Boot
 - Features of Spring Boot
 - Spring Boot Starter Dependencies
 - @SpringBootApplication
 - AutoConfiguration
 - Creating Spring Boot Application
 - Spring Initializr – <https://start.spring.io/>
 - STS - Spring Tool Suite
 - Selecting starter dependencies
- Spring Data
 - What is Spring Data?
 - Features of Spring Data
 - Spring Data JDBC
 - Repository interface and it's hierarchy
 - Creating custom Data Repository interface

- Performing CRUD Operations
 - Custom methods
 - @Query, @Param
- Spring Data JPA
 - JpaRepository interface
 - Creating custom Data JPA Repository interface
 - Performing CRUD Operations
 - Customer methods
 - JPQL Queries
 - Transaction Configuration
- Spring Web
 - Spring Web MVC
 - MVC Architecture
 - Spring Web Architecture
 - DispatcherServlet
 - HandlerMapping
 - ViewResolver
 - Controller - Request Handler
 - @Controller Stereotype Annotation
 - @RequestMapping
 - RESTful Web Service
 - @RestController
 - @GetMapping
 - @PostMapping
 - @PutMapping
 - @DeleteMapping
 - Creating REST API
- Spring Security
 - Authentication
 - Authorization
 - Roles
 - Permissions
 - Features of Spring Security
 - Authentication Models
 - Password Encoders
 - User Store - Types
 - OAuth2
- Spring Microservices:
 - Overview of Microservices Architecture
 - Definition of Microservices
 - Benefits and challenges
 - Monolithic vs. Microservices architecture

- API Gateway Pattern
- Service discovery tools (e.g., Eureka)
- Resilience and Fault Tolerance
- Circuit Breaker Pattern

DevOps

- Introduction to DevOps
 - Git and Github
 - CI/CD tools with Jenkins
 - Docker and Kubernetes
 - SonarCube